Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project – HCUP A Federal-State-Industry Partnership in Health Data

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CLINICAL CLASSIFICATIONS SOFTWARE (CCS) 2015

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Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) 540 Gaither Road, 5th Floor Rockville, Maryland 20850

> Phone: (301) 427-1410 Fax: (301) 427-1430 E-mail: hcup@ahrq.gov

Website: http://www.ahrq.gov/data/hcup/

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HCUP CONTACT INFORMATION

For AHRQ:

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) 540 Gaither Road, 5th Floor Rockville, Maryland 20850

> Phone: (301) 427-1410 Fax: (301) 427-1430 E-mail: hcup@ahrq.gov

Website: http://www.ahrq.gov/data/hcup/

For Technical Assistance:

Visit the AHRQ-sponsored HCUP User Support Website at:

http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov

Or send an e-mail to HCUP User Support at:

hcup@ahrq.gov

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ABSTRACT

Developed at the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), the Clinical Classifications Software (CCS) is a tool for clustering patient diagnoses and procedures into a manageable number of clinically meaningful categories. CCS offers researchers the ability to group conditions and procedures without having to sort through thousands of codes. This "clinical grouper" makes it easier to quickly understand patterns of diagnoses and procedures so that health plans, policy makers, and researchers can analyze costs, utilization, and outcomes associated with particular illnesses and procedures.

CCS collapses diagnosis and procedure codes from the *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (IDC-9-CM), which contains more than 14,000 diagnosis codes and 3,900 procedure codes. Without the CCS tool, the large number of ICD-9-CM codes makes statistical analysis and reporting difficult and time-consuming.

CCS consists of two related classification systems, single-level and multi-level, which are designed to meet different needs. *Single-level* CCS is most useful for ranking of diagnoses and procedures and for direct integration into risk adjustment and other software. *Multi-level* CCS is ideal for evaluating larger aggregations of conditions and procedures or exploring these groupings in greater detail.

INTRODUCTION TO THE CLINICAL CLASSIFCIATIONS SOFTWARE (CCS) 2015 User's Guide

Overview

ICD-9-CM codes were frozen in preparation for ICD-10 implementation and regular maintenance of the codes has been suspended. The CCS Tools for ICD-9-CM should only be used with data for discharges before 10/1/2015.

Clinical Classifications Software provides a way to classify diagnoses and procedures into a limited number of categories by aggregating individual ICD-9-CM codes into broad diagnosis and procedure groups to facilitate statistical analysis and reporting. This document provides a description of the CCS categorization scheme. Electronic files containing the translation of ICD-9-CM diagnosis and procedure codes into CCS categories can be downloaded from this site. (CCS was formally called CCHPR, Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research.)

The CCS tool is continually updated. The current version is based on ICD-9-CM codes that are valid for January 1980 through September 2015. Four new procedure codes were added for fiscal year 2014, and labels for CCS procedure categories 82,176, 207-2011, and 227 were changed. The label for CCS diagnosis category 196 was changed as well. CCS consists of two related classification systems. The first system, called the *single-level CCS*, groups diagnoses into mutually exclusive categories. The single-level *diagnosis CCS* aggregates illnesses and conditions into 285 mutually exclusive categories. Similarly, the single-level *procedure CCS* aggregates procedures into 231 mutually exclusive categories, most of which are homogeneous.

The second system expands the single-level CCS into a hierarchical structure referred to as the *multi-level CCS*. This system groups single-level CCS into broader categories (e.g., Infectious Diseases, Mental Disorders, and Injury). It also splits single-level CCS categories to provide more detail about particular groupings of codes.

The CCS documentation provides researchers with a listing of the ICD-9-CM codes that are included in each CCS diagnosis and procedure category.

Purpose

CCS categories can be employed in many types of projects analyzing data on diagnoses and procedures. For example, they can be used to:

- ◆ Identify cases for disease-specific or procedure-specific studies
- Gain a better understanding of an institution's or health plan's distribution of patients across disease or procedure groupings
- Provide statistical information on characteristics, such as charges and length of stay, about relatively specific conditions
- Cross-classify procedures by diagnoses to provide insight into the variety of procedures performed for particular diagnoses.

Diagnoses and procedures for hospital inpatient stays are coded using the *International Classification of Diseases*, *9th Revision*, *Clinical Modification* (ICD-9-CM, Fifth Edition). ICD-9-CM consists of about 14,000 diagnosis codes and 3,900 procedure codes. Although it is possible to present descriptive statistics for individual ICD-9-CM codes, it is often useful to aggregate codes into clinically meaningful categories that group similar conditions or procedures. Examples of the use of CCS categories can be found at http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp#pubs. These reports aggregate individual hospital stays into larger diagnosis and procedure groups for statistical analysis and reporting. CCS is unique as a grouping approach because it does not mix diagnoses with treatment; rather, it separates diagnoses and procedures into two different classifications.

History of Development

Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research (CCHPR) Version 1 represented AHRQ's initial effort to construct clinically meaningful categories of diagnoses and procedures. The key factor in creating these categories was the extent to which conditions and procedures could be grouped into relatively homogeneous clusters of interest to public policy researchers. CCHPR Version 1 consisted of 185 summary diagnosis categories and 172 summary procedure categories (Elixhauser, Andrews, and Fox, 1993).

CCHPR Version 2 was derived from the Version 1 summary diagnosis and procedure categories. Version 1 categories were modified on the basis of clinical homogeneity, frequency of occurrence in inpatient discharge data, and ICD-9-CM coding changes. The number of discharges in all categories was computed using 1991 California hospital inpatient data on all-listed diagnoses and all-listed procedures from the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project State Inpatient Databases (SID).

The modified CCHPR schemes were reviewed by technical specialists who evaluated the categories and ICD-9-CM code assignments for accuracy and clinical significance. The reviews consisted of trained medical records personnel and a physician with experience in medical classification. During the review process, additional categories were created, other categories were collapsed, and codes were reassigned when appropriate.

Version 2 contained more categories than Version 1. Some conglomerate categories (e.g., "Other gastrointestinal procedures") and high-frequency categories (e.g., "Pregnancy-related conditions") were divided into smaller, more clinically homogeneous groups.

Beginning with the 1999 update, three important changes were introduced: an additional classification scheme (the multi-level CCS) was introduced; E codes (external causes of injury) received special treatment; and the name was changed to Clinical Classification

Software (CCS), to reflect the broader use of the classifications beyond health policy research.

Beginning with the 2008 update, the mental health section of the CCS was replaced with the mental health categories from the CCS-Mental Health and Substance Abuse (MHSA). The CCS-MHSA is a stand-alone algorithm that was developed as an alternative to the mental health section of the CCS. While the CCS mental health categories were formed using the ICD-9-CM coding scheme as an organizing framework, the CCS-MHSA tool began with DSM-IV as the organizing framework and as such it better reflects psychiatric nosology. For more information, see the section below, entitled, "Notes About Integration with the CCS-MHSA Tool."

DESCRIPTION

Single-Level CCS

Diagnosis Codes

The single-level diagnosis classification scheme aggregates illnesses and conditions into 285 mutually exclusive categories, most of which are clinically homogeneous. Some heterogeneous categories were necessary; these combine several less common individual conditions within a body system.

All codes in the diagnosis section of ICD-9-CM are classified. In previous versions of the system, E codes (External Causes of Injury and Poisoning) were not classified because they are used sporadically in inpatient data. Hence, they were aggregated into a single category (CCS 260). Beginning with the 1999 version of the CCS, a classification system for E codes was incorporated. The E code classification was developed by staff at the Centers for Disease and Control and Prevention (Centers for Disease Control, 1997). Examples of single-level CCS diagnosis categories are shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Examples of single-level CCS diagnosis categories		
Description	ICD-9-CM ¹ diagnosis CCS category	
	Codes used to map	
Essential Hypertension	4011 4019	98
Hypertension with	4010 40200 40201 40210 40211	99
complications and secondary	40290 40291 4030 40300 40301	
hypertension	4031 40310 40311 4039 40390	
	40391 4040 40400 40401 40402	
	40403 4041 40410 40411 40412	
	40413 4049 40490 40491 40492	
	40493 40501 40509 40511 40519	

¹Additional information about the application of ICD-9-CM diagnosis and procedure codes is presented later in this document.

5

40591 40599 4372	

ICD-9-CM codes for the single-level diagnosis CCS categories are presented in Appendix A. The ICD-9-CM code assignments to each category are viewable in the accompanying executable file that provides the crosswalk from ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes to single-level CCS categories.

Labels for the single-level CCS diagnoses are available in Appendix A1.

Procedure Codes

The single-level procedure classification scheme contains 231 mutually exclusive categories. Many of the categories represent single procedures; however, some procedures that occur infrequently are grouped according to three dimensions: 1) the relevant body system; 2) whether they are used for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes; and 3) whether they are considered operating room or non-operating room procedures, according to diagnosis related groups (DRG) definitions. Examples of single-level CCS procedure categories are illustrated in Table 2.

Table 2: Examples of single-level CCS procedure categories		
Description	ICD-9-CM procedure CCS categ	
	Codes used to map	
Heart valve procedures	3500 3501 3502 3503 3504 3510	43
	3511 3512 3513 3514 3520 3521	
	3522 3523 3524 3525 3526 3527	
	3528 3596 3599	
Coronary artery bypass graft	3610 3611 3612 3613 3614 3615	44
(CABG)	3616 3617 3619 362 363 3631	
	3632 3639	

ICD-9-CM codes for the single-level procedure CCS categories are presented in Appendix B. The ICD-9-CM code assignments to each category can be viewed in the accompanying executable files that provide the crosswalk from ICD-9-CM procedure codes to single-level CCS categories.

Labels for the single-level CCS procedures are available in Appendix B1.

Multi-level CCS

The multi-level CCS is a hierarchical system that is defined using both single-level CCS groupings and ICD-9-CM codes. Four levels exist in the multi-level *diagnosis CCS*, while three levels exist in the multi-level *procedure CCS*. The first of the four levels in

the multi-level diagnosis CCS is broken into 18 categories. The first of the three levels in the multi-level procedure CCS is divided into 16 categories. These categories broadly group the single-level CCS and ICD-9-CM codes into 17 diagnosis and 16 procedure body systems (e.g., "Diseases of the Circulatory System").

The specificity of categories increases with the higher levels, such that second-level categories are more specific than first-level categories, third-level categories are more specific than second-level categories, and fourth-level categories are more specific than third-level categories.

The first-level categories are identified by one whole digit (1-18), second-level categories include one decimal point, third-level categories have two decimal places and fourth-level categories have three decimal places.

Table 3 provides an example of multi-level CCS for diagnoses, revealing how single-level CCS category 99 (from single-level CCS example in Table 1) is further subdivided into the more specific levels in the multi-level system.

Table 3: Examples of multi-level CCS diagnosis categories			
Multi-level CCS	Description	ICD-9-CM diagnoses used	Single-level CCS used to
category		to map	map
7	Diseases of		96 97 98 99 100 101 102
	the		103 104 105 106 107
	circulatory		108 109 110 111 112
	system		113 114 115 116 117
			118 119 120 121
7.1	Hypertension		98 99
7.1.1	Essential		98
	hypertension		
7.1.2	Hypertension		99
	with		
	complications		
	and		
	secondary		
7.4.0.4	hypertension	40000 40004 40040 40044	
7.1.2.1	Hypertensive	40200 40201 40210 40211	
	heart and/or	40290 40291 4030 40300	
	renal disease	40301 4031 40310 40311	
		4039 40390 40391 4040 40400 40401 40402 40403	
		4041 40410 40411 40412	
		40413 40410 40411 40412	
		40492 40493	
		70702 70700	
7.1.2.2	Other	4010 40501 40509 40511	
	hypertensive	40519 40591 40599 4372	
	complications		

ICD-9-CM codes for the multi-level diagnosis CCS categories are presented in Appendix C.

Labels for the multi-level CCS diagnoses are available in Appendix C1.

Procedure Codes

Only three levels exist in the multi-level procedure CCS. The specificity of the procedure categories increases with the higher levels, such that second-level categories are more specific than first-level categories and third-level categories are more specific than second-level categories.

The first-level categories are identified by one whole digit (1-16), second-level categories include one decimal point, and third-level categories have two decimal places.

Table 4 provides an example of multi-level CCS for procedures, revealing how single-level CCS category 44 (from single-level CCS example in Table 2) is further subdivided into the more specific levels in the multi-level system.

Table 4: Examples of multi-level CCS procedure categories			
Multi-level CCS category	Description	ICD-9-CM diagnoses used to map	Single-level CCS used to map
7	Operations on the cardiovascular system		43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
7.1	Heart valve procedures		43
7.2	Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG)		44
7.2.1	Bypass of one coronary artery	3611	
7.2.2	Bypass of two coronary arteries	3612	
7.2.3	Bypass of three coronary arteries	3613	
7.2.4	Bypass of four coronary arteries	3614	
7.2.5	Other bypass of coronary arteries	3610 3615 3616 3617 3619 362 363 3631 3632 3639	

ICD-9-CM codes for the multi-level procedure CCS categories are presented in Appendix D.

Labels for the multi-level CCS procedures are available in Appendix D1. In addition to the appendices, the CCS User's Guide contains two tables (Table A and Table B) that researchers may find useful. These tables group the CCS categories into body systems. Another system for grouping CCS categories can be found at http://www.meps.ahrq.gov/mepsweb/data stats/conditions.shtml. This system groups the diagnosis categories into 61 broader categories.

NOTES ABOUT INTEGRATION WITH THE CCS-MHSA TOOL

In 2008 the Mental Health Substance Abuse Clinical Classification Software (CCS-MHSA) tool was integrated into the CCS. As a starting point for development of the CCS-MHSA, we used the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (APA, 1994). In addition, we consulted the ICD-9-CM code lists and classifications used in discussions with staff at the National Institutes for Mental Health (personal communication, NIMH, 2002), the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (personal communication, SAMHSA, 2005), a peer-reviewed journal article (Pottick et al., 2000) and an algorithm developed by Billings (2004). A complete review of ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes was conducted in order to identify any diagnosis code that reflects a mental health or substance abuse condition.

In general, we followed the categorization of mental health and substance abuse conditions and code assignments outlined in the DSM-IV. Additional codes, such as mental disorders in pregnancy (64840-64844), drug dependency in pregnancy (64830-64834), and additional V codes, were included as a result of communications with NIMH and SAMHSA and a review of the Billings algorithm. External cause of injury codes (E codes) that indicated the injury was self-inflicted or related to a suicide attempt were also incorporated in accordance with the Billings algorithm.

The integration affected both the single-level and multi-level CCS tools for diagnoses. The CCS-MHSA general tool consists of 15 categories numbered 650-663 and 670. These categories replaced the original CCS single-level categories 65-75. See Appendix A1 below for more information on the single-level integration. The CCS-MHSA specific tool consists of 27 classifications which replaced the old CCS multi-level categories found under "5" (mental health). Refer to Appendix C1 for more details on the multi-level integration. The CCS-MHSA categories function in the same way as the CCS; they can be used with any data that include ICD-9-CM diagnosis information concerned with mental health and/or substance abuse conditions.

Incorporation of the CCS-MHSA into the original CCS required reassignment of several codes not originally found in the CCS mental health categories. For example, maternal codes for mental health and substance abuse were originally included in CCS categories for pregnancy complications; however, with the revised CCS, these codes have been

placed into mental health and substance categories. Similarly, E codes for suicide and self-inflicted injury were originally placed into the E code categories at the end of the CCS based on the mechanism of injury. With the revised CCS, suicide and self-inflicted injury E codes are grouped into a separate category in the mental health series of CCS categories.

NOTES ABOUT OPTIONAL SUICIDE E CODE CATEGORIES

Suicide E Codes (external cause of injury codes) are assigned to CCS category 662, "Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injury". However, for users who wish to assign these E codes to a mechanism of injury CCS, an optional CCS category has been provided in the single-level diagnosis tool (\$dxref 2015.csv) for each code. These optional CCS categories follow the CDC's classification of E codes into mechanism of injury categories such as firearm or poisoning, Interested users should simply reassign suicide codes from category 662 to the optional secondary CCS categories as detailed in column five of \$DXREF 2015.csv. The code below gives an example of the reassignment process. Similar code can be used to reassign the CCS label:

```
Filename inraw "c:\tools\ccs\$DXREF 2015.csv";
/* Make a SAS format Using the Optional */
/* Suicide Mechansism CCS Category. */
/*************
data new:
  infile inraw dsd dlm=',' end = eof firstobs=3 missover;
     input start : $char5.
    Oldccs : $char4.
           Value1 : $char70.
          Value2 : $char70.
          Label : $char4.
          Value3 : $char70.
     retain hlo " ";
  fmtname = "$ccs" ;
  type = " " ;
  output;
  if eof then do ;
    start = " " ;
     label = " " ;
    hlo = "o";
     output ;
  end ;
run;
proc format cntlin = new ;
/*************
/* Reassign CCS to the Optional CCS for */
/* Suicide mechanism using SAS format. */
/*********************************/
data test;
  Set ecodedata;
  Ccs = put(ecode,$ccs.)
```

EMPTY CATEGORIES:

Please note that because of revisions to the CCS, single-level category 150 and multi-level categories 11.3.7.3 and 9.8.1 do not contain any diagnosis codes as of FY 2008.

Also, single-level category 260 does not contain any E Codes as of FY 2005.

NOTES ABOUT ICD-9-CM CODING CHANGES

Time period covered by CCS

ICD-9-CM codes were frozen in preparation for ICD-10 implementation and regular maintenance of the codes has been suspended. The CCS tools for ICD-9-CM should only be used with data for discharges before 10/1/2015.

The 2015 version of the CCS is valid for the time period January 1980 through September 2015. There were four new procedure codes in 2014. Using these CCS categories with data outside this time frame will result in misclassification of ICD-9-CM codes.

ICD-9-CM codes requiring special treatment

CCS accounts for all changes in ICD-9-CM coding definitions during this time period, with the exception of several codes whose meaning changed to such an extent that the CCS category assignment changed, as well. These codes must be explicitly assigned by the user when working with older data. If you use more recent data (as described below), no special treatment is necessary because the codes are correctly assigned in the CCS program.

Assignment of these codes requires information on the year and quarter of service. When using data that span the time periods described below, these ICD-9-CM codes must be explicitly assigned to CCS categories according to the year and quarter of the data.

Special treatment is required for the following diagnosis code:

From January 1980 to September 1993, ICD-9-CM diagnosis code '2510' should appear in CCS diagnosis category 50 (Diabetes mellitus with complications).

Beginning in October 1993, ICD-9-CM diagnosis code '2510 ' appears in CCS diagnosis category 51 (Other endocrine disorders). The current CCS program assigns this code to category 51.

Special treatment is required for the following procedure codes:

From January 1980 to September 1989, ICD-9-CM procedure code '8159' should appear in CCS procedure category 153 (Hip replacement, total and partial).

Beginning in October 1989, ICD-9-CM procedure code '8159' appears in CCS procedure category 154 (Arthroplasty, other than hip or knee). The current CCS program assigns this code to category 154.

From January 1980 to September 1989, ICD-9-CM procedure codes '8162,' '8163,' and '8164' should appear in CCS procedure category 153 (Hip replacement, total and partial).

Beginning in October 2003, ICD-9-CM procedure codes '8162,' '8163,' and '8164' appear in CCS procedure category 158 (Spinal Fusion). The current CCS program assigns these codes to category 158.

DESCRIPTION OF DOWNLOADABLE FILES

System requirements

In order to use the CCS files, you will need a program (such as WinZip®) that will allow you to decompress or "unzip" files. You will also need approximately 1.5 megabytes of disk space available on your hard drive to accommodate all the single-level CCS files. You will need approximately 2.5 megabytes available to accommodate all the multi-level CCS files after they are unzipped.

"Unzipping" files

There are two downloadable files, both self-extracting zipped files, called Single_Level_CCS_2015.zip (for the single-level CCS) and Multi_Level_CCS_2015.zip (for the multi-level CCS).

Single-level CCS

Single_Level_CCS_2015.zip contains two comma delimited files (.csv) (Microsoft Excel text) that translate ICD-9-CM codes into single-level CCS categories and two comma delimited files (.csv) (Microsoft Excel text) that provide descriptive labels for the single-level CCS categories. To use these zipped files, you must do the following:

- 1. Create a subdirectory (or folder) called CCS on your hard drive (e.g., MD C:\CCS). You will need a total of approximately 1.5 megabytes to accommodate all the files after they are unzipped.
- 2. Download and save Single Level CCS 2015.zip to this subdirectory.
- 3. Using WinZip (or comparable program), double click on Single_Level_CCS_2015.zip to expand the files.

The zipped file will unzip (expand for normal use) the files listed below. Note that the original file (Single Level CCS 2015.zip) will remain intact.

Filename	Purpose
Diagnosis CCS	
\$DXREF 2015.csv	Translation file that maps ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes into single-level CCS diagnosis categories, with complete information about each ICD-9-CM code and brief CCS labels.
DXLABEL 2015.csv	Label file contains the complete descriptive single-level CCS diagnosis category names to use when reporting the diagnosis categories. Category 158 label was changed in 2013.
Procedure CCS	
\$PRREF 2015.csv	Translation file that maps ICD-9-CM procedure codes into single-level CCS procedure categories, with complete information about each ICD-9-CM code and brief CCS labels.
PRLABEL 2014.csv	Label file contains the complete descriptive single-level CCS

procedure category names to use when reporting the procedure categories.

Multi-level CCS

Multi_Level_CCS_2015.zip contains two comma delimited files (.csv) (Microsoft Excel text) that translate ICD-9-CM codes into multi-level CCS categories, and two comma delimited files (.csv) (Microsoft Excel text) that provide descriptive labels for the multilevel CCS categories. *Multi_Level_CCS_2015.zip also contains two SAS programs: Multi_CCS_Load_Program.sas allows users to load the multi-level CCS categories for both diagnosis and procedures. Multi_CCS_Summary_Program.sas generates a frequency report of multi-level CCS categories for either the primary diagnosis or primary procedure.* To use this zipped file, you must do the following:

- 1. Create a new subdirectory (or folder) on your hard drive. You will need a total of approximately 2.5 megabytes free to accommodate all the files after they are unzipped.
- 2. Download and save Multi_Level_CCS_2015.zip to this subdirectory.
- 3. Using WinZip (or comparable program), double click on Multi_Level_CCS_2015.zip to expand the files.

The self-extracting zipped file will unzip (expand for normal use) the files described below. Note that the original file (Multi Level CCS 2015.zip) will remain intact.

Filename	Purpose
Multi-level Diagnosis CCS	
CCS_MULTI_DX_TOOL_2015.csv	Translation file that maps diagnosis codes into level 1-4 multi-level CCS categories.
DXMLABEL-13.csv	Label file that contains the complete descriptive multi-level CCS diagnosis category names to use when reporting the diagnosis categories.
Multi-level Procedure CCS	
CCS_MULTI_PR_TOOL_2015.csv	Translation file that maps procedure codes into level 1-3 multi-level procedure CCS categories.
PRMLABEL-09.csv	Label file that contains the complete descriptive multi-level CCS procedure category names to use when reporting the procedure categories.
SAS Utility Programs	-
Multi_CCS_Load_Program.sas	SAS program file that loads the multi-level CCS categories for diagnosis and procedures.

Multi_CCS_Summary_Program.sas SAS program file that produces a frequency	
	of the multi-level CCS categories for either the
	primary diagnosis or primary procedure.

Using translation files

For the single-level CCS, the translation files translate specific ICD-9-CM codes into CCS categories. The new multi-level CCS translation files map ICD-9-CM codes directly into CCS Level 1, 2, 3, or 4 categories.

The program called "Multi_CCS_Load_Program.sas" can be used to create the multi-level CCS categories. This is recommended for users who have not already developed custom SAS code to load the multi-level categories.

How you use these files will depend on the software system being utilized. For example, if you are using SAS, you can adapt these translations to create a SAS PROC FORMAT. If you are working with SPSS, you can adapt these translations into VALUE LABELS or into a series of recodes.

Representation of ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes

In practice, ICD-9-CM diagnoses are represented by 3- to 5-character codes with explicit decimals. In the files you downloaded and in the vast majority of data files, ICD-9-CM diagnoses are represented as 5-character alphanumeric codes with implicit decimals. (Alphanumeric codes are always enclosed in quotation marks.) Examples are given below.

Condition	ICD-9-CM diagnosis code	Alphanumeric code (with implicit decimals)
Pneumococcal pneumonia	481	'481 '
Pneumonia due to Klebsiella pneumoniae	482.0	'4820 '
Pneumonia due to Escherichia coli	482.82	'48282'
Single liveborn infant, born in hospital, delivered by cesarean delivery	V30.01	'V3001'

For proper handling of diagnosis codes:

- ♦ Alphanumeric diagnosis codes must be left-justified so that there are 2 spaces following a 3-character diagnosis code and 1 space following a 4-character diagnosis code. For example − '481'.
- Trailing blanks should never be zero-padded (filled with zeroes so that all 5 characters are filled for codes that should be 3 or 4 characters long). For example '481 ' should not be changed to '48100'.
- Leading zeroes must be preserved; they are significant.

Representation of ICD-9-CM procedure codes

In practice, ICD-9-CM procedures are represented by 3- or 4-character codes with explicit decimals. In the accompanying files and in the vast majority of data files, ICD-9-CM procedures are represented as 4-character alphanumeric codes with implicit decimals. (Alphanumeric codes are always enclosed in quotation marks.) Examples are provided below.

Condition	ICD-9-CM procedure code	Alphanumeric code (with implicit decimals)
Incision of prostate	60.0	'600 '
Closed biopsy of prostate	60.11	'6011'

For proper handling of procedure codes:

- ♦ Alphanumeric procedure codes must be left-justified, so that there is always 1 space following a 3-character procedure code. For example '600'
- ◆ Trailing blanks should never be zero-padded (filled with zeroes so that all 4 characters are filled for codes that should be 3 characters long). For example '600' should not be changed to '6000'.
- ♦ Leading zeroes must be preserved; they are significant.

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Appendix A1

Single-Level CCS – Diagnoses

CATEGORY LABELS

- 1 Tuberculosis
- 2 Septicemia (except in labor)
- 3 Bacterial infection; unspecified site
- 4 Mycoses
- 5 HIV infection
- 6 Hepatitis
- 7 Viral infection
- 8 Other infections; including parasitic
- 9 Sexually transmitted infections (not HIV or hepatitis)
- 10 Immunizations and screening for infectious disease
- 11 Cancer of head and neck
- 12 Cancer of esophagus
- 13 Cancer of stomach
- 14 Cancer of colon
- 15 Cancer of rectum and anus
- 16 Cancer of liver and intrahepatic bile duct
- 17 Cancer of pancreas
- 18 Cancer of other GI organs; peritoneum
- 19 Cancer of bronchus; lung
- 20 Cancer; other respiratory and intrathoracic
- 21 Cancer of bone and connective tissue
- 22 Melanomas of skin
- 23 Other non-epithelial cancer of skin
- 24 Cancer of breast
- 25 Cancer of uterus
- 26 Cancer of cervix
- 27 Cancer of ovary
- 28 Cancer of other female genital organs
- 29 Cancer of prostate
- 30 Cancer of testis
- 31 Cancer of other male genital organs
- 32 Cancer of bladder
- 33 Cancer of kidney and renal pelvis
- 34 Cancer of other urinary organs
- 35 Cancer of brain and nervous system
- 36 Cancer of thyroid
- 37 Hodgkin's disease
- 38 Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
- 39 Leukemias
- 40 Multiple myeloma
- 41 Cancer; other and unspecified primary
- 42 Secondary malignancies
- 43 Malignant neoplasm without specification of site
- 44 Neoplasms of unspecified nature or uncertain behavior
- 45 Maintenance chemotherapy; radiotherapy
- 46 Benign neoplasm of uterus
- 47 Other and unspecified benign neoplasm
- 48 Thyroid disorders
- 49 Diabetes mellitus without complication

- 50 Diabetes mellitus with complications
- 51 Other endocrine disorders
- 52 Nutritional deficiencies
- 53 Disorders of lipid metabolism
- 54 Gout and other crystal arthropathies
- 55 Fluid and electrolyte disorders
- 56 Cystic fibrosis
- 57 Immunity disorders
- 58 Other nutritional; endocrine; and metabolic disorders
- 59 Deficiency and other anemia
- 60 Acute posthemorrhagic anemia
- 61 Sickle cell anemia
- 62 Coagulation and hemorrhagic disorders
- 63 Diseases of white blood cells
- 64 Other hematologic conditions
- 650 MHSA: Adjustment disorders
- 651 MHSA: Anxiety disorders
- 652 MHSA: Attention-deficit, conduct, and disruptive behavior disorders
- 653 MHSA: Delirium, dementia, and amnestic and other cognitive disorders
- 654 MHSA: Developmental disorders
- 655 MHSA: Disorders usually diagnosed in infancy, childhood, or adolescence
- 656 MHSA: Impulse control disorders, NEC
- 657 MHSA: Mood disorders
- 658 MHSA: Personality disorders
- 659 MHSA: Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders
- 660 MHSA: Alcohol-related disorders
- 661 MHSA: Substance-related disorders
- 662 MHSA: Suicide and intentional self-inflicted injury
- 663 MHSA: Screening and history of mental health and substance abuse codes
- 670 MHSA: Miscellaneous mental health disorders
- 76 Meningitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 77 Encephalitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 78 Other CNS infection and poliomyelitis
- 79 Parkinson`s disease
- 80 Multiple sclerosis
- 81 Other hereditary and degenerative nervous system conditions
- 82 Paralysis
- 83 Epilepsy; convulsions
- 84 Headache; including migraine
- 85 Coma; stupor; and brain damage
- 86 Cataract
- 87 Retinal detachments; defects; vascular occlusion; and retinopathy
- 88 Glaucoma
- 89 Blindness and vision defects
- 90Inflammation; infection of eye (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 91 Other eve disorders
- 92 Otitis media and related conditions
- 93 Conditions associated with dizziness or vertigo
- 94 Other ear and sense organ disorders
- 95 Other nervous system disorders
- 96 Heart valve disorders
- 97Peri-; endo-; and myocarditis; cardiomyopathy (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 98 Essential hypertension
- 99 Hypertension with complications and secondary hypertension

- 100 Acute myocardial infarction
- 101 Coronary atherosclerosis and other heart disease
- 102 Nonspecific chest pain
- 103 Pulmonary heart disease
- 104 Other and ill-defined heart disease
- 105 Conduction disorders
- 106 Cardiac dysrhythmias
- 107 Cardiac arrest and ventricular fibrillation
- 108 Congestive heart failure; nonhypertensive
- 109 Acute cerebrovascular disease
- 110 Occlusion or stenosis of precerebral arteries
- 111 Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular disease
- 112 Transient cerebral ischemia
- 113 Late effects of cerebrovascular disease
- 114 Peripheral and visceral atherosclerosis
- 115 Aortic; peripheral; and visceral artery aneurysms
- 116 Aortic and peripheral arterial embolism or thrombosis
- 117 Other circulatory disease
- 118 Phlebitis; thrombophlebitis and thromboembolism
- 119 Varicose veins of lower extremity
- 120 Hemorrhoids
- 121 Other diseases of veins and lymphatics
- 122 Pneumonia (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 123 Influenza
- 124 Acute and chronic tonsillitis
- 125 Acute bronchitis
- 126 Other upper respiratory infections
- 127 Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis
- 128 Asthma
- 129 Aspiration pneumonitis; food/vomitus
- 130 Pleurisy; pneumothorax; pulmonary collapse
- 131 Respiratory failure; insufficiency; arrest (adult)
- 132 Lung disease due to external agents
- 133 Other lower respiratory disease
- 134 Other upper respiratory disease
- 135 Intestinal infection
- 136 Disorders of teeth and jaw
- 137 Diseases of mouth; excluding dental
- 138 Esophageal disorders
- 139 Gastroduodenal ulcer (except hemorrhage)
- 140 Gastritis and duodenitis
- 141 Other disorders of stomach and duodenum
- 142 Appendicitis and other appendiceal conditions
- 143 Abdominal hernia
- 144 Regional enteritis and ulcerative colitis
- 145 Intestinal obstruction without hernia
- 146 Diverticulosis and diverticulitis
- 147 Anal and rectal conditions
- 148 Peritonitis and intestinal abscess
- 149 Biliary tract disease
- 150 Liver disease; alcohol-related
- 151 Other liver diseases
- 152 Pancreatic disorders (not diabetes)
- 153 Gastrointestinal hemorrhage
- 154 Noninfectious gastroenteritis
- 155 Other gastrointestinal disorders

- 156 Nephritis; nephrosis; renal sclerosis
- 157 Acute and unspecified renal failure

158 Chronic kidney disease

- 159 Urinary tract infections
- 160 Calculus of urinary tract
- 161 Other diseases of kidney and ureters
- 162 Other diseases of bladder and urethra
- 163 Genitourinary symptoms and ill-defined conditions
- 164 Hyperplasia of prostate
- 165 Inflammatory conditions of male genital organs
- 166 Other male genital disorders
- 167 Nonmalignant breast conditions
- 168 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs
- 169 Endometriosis
- 170 Prolapse of female genital organs
- 171 Menstrual disorders
- 172 Ovarian cyst
- 173 Menopausal disorders
- 174 Female infertility
- 175 Other female genital disorders
- 176 Contraceptive and procreative management
- 177 Spontaneous abortion
- 178 Induced abortion
- 179 Postabortion complications
- 180 Ectopic pregnancy
- 181 Other complications of pregnancy
- 182 Hemorrhage during pregnancy; abruptio placenta; placenta previa
- 183 Hypertension complicating pregnancy; childbirth and the puerperium
- 184 Early or threatened labor
- 185 Prolonged pregnancy
- 186Diabetes or abnormal glucose tolerance complicating pregnancy; childbirth; or the puerperium
- 187 Malposition; malpresentation
- 188 Fetopelvic disproportion; obstruction
- 189 Previous C-section
- 190 Fetal distress and abnormal forces of labor
- 191 Polyhydramnios and other problems of amniotic cavity
- 192 Umbilical cord complication
- 193 OB-related trauma to perineum and vulva
- 194 Forceps delivery
- 195 Other complications of birth; puerperium affecting management of mother
- 196 Other pregnancy and delivery including normal
- 197 Skin and subcutaneous tissue infections
- 198 Other inflammatory condition of skin
- 199 Chronic ulcer of skin
- 200 Other skin disorders
- 201Infective arthritis and osteomyelitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
- 202 Rheumatoid arthritis and related disease
- 203 Osteoarthritis
- 204 Other non-traumatic joint disorders
- 205 Spondylosis; intervertebral disc disorders; other back problems
- 206 Osteoporosis
- 207 Pathological fracture
- 208 Acquired foot deformities
- 209 Other acquired deformities

- 210 Systemic lupus erythematosus and connective tissue disorders
- 211 Other connective tissue disease
- 212 Other bone disease and musculoskeletal deformities
- 213 Cardiac and circulatory congenital anomalies
- 214 Digestive congenital anomalies
- 215 Genitourinary congenital anomalies
- 216 Nervous system congenital anomalies
- 217 Other congenital anomalies
- 218 Liveborn
- 219 Short gestation; low birth weight; and fetal growth retardation
- 220 Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia
- 221 Respiratory distress syndrome
- 222 Hemolytic jaundice and perinatal jaundice
- 223 Birth trauma
- 224 Other perinatal conditions
- 225 Joint disorders and dislocations; trauma-related
- 226 Fracture of neck of femur (hip)
- 227 Spinal cord injury
- 228 Skull and face fractures
- 229 Fracture of upper limb
- 230 Fracture of lower limb
- 231 Other fractures
- 232 Sprains and strains
- 233 Intracranial injury
- 234 Crushing injury or internal injury
- 235 Open wounds of head; neck; and trunk
- 236 Open wounds of extremities
- 237 Complication of device; implant or graft
- 238 Complications of surgical procedures or medical care
- 239 Superficial injury; contusion
- 240 Burns
- 241 Poisoning by psychotropic agents
- 242 Poisoning by other medications and drugs
- 243 Poisoning by nonmedicinal substances
- 244 Other injuries and conditions due to external causes
- 245 Syncope
- 246 Fever of unknown origin
- 247 Lymphadenitis
- 248 Gangrene
- 249 Shock
- 250 Nausea and vomiting
- 251 Abdominal pain
- 252 Malaise and fatigue
- 253 Allergic reactions
- 254 Rehabilitation care; fitting of prostheses; and adjustment of devices
- 255 Administrative/social admission
- 256 Medical examination/evaluation
- 257 Other aftercare
- 258 Other screening for suspected conditions (not mental disorders or infectious disease)
- 259 Residual codes: unclassified
- 260 E Codes: All (external causes of injury and poisoning)
- 2601 E Codes: Cut/pierceb
- 2602 E Codes: Drowning/submersion
- 2603 E Codes: Fall 2604 E Codes: Fire/burn 2605 E Codes: Firearm

2606 E Codes: Machinery

2607 E Codes: Motor vehicle traffic (MVT) 2608 E Codes: Pedal cyclist; not MVT 2609 E Codes: Pedestrian; not MVT 2610 E Codes: Transport; not MVT 2611 E Codes: Natural/environment

2612 E Codes: Overexertion 2613 E Codes: Poisoning

2614 E Codes: Struck by; against

2615 E Codes: Suffocation

2616 E Codes: Adverse effects of medical care 2617 E Codes: Adverse effects of medical drugs 2618 E Codes: Other specified and classifiable

2619 E Codes: Other specified; NEC

2620 E Codes: Unspecified

2621 E Codes: Place of occurrence

Appendix B1

Single-Level CCS - Procedures

CATEGORY LABELS

- 1 Incision and excision of CNS
- 2 Insertion; replacement; or removal of extracranial ventricular shunt
- 3 Laminectomy; excision intervertebral disc
- 4 Diagnostic spinal tap
- 5 Insertion of catheter or spinal stimulator and injection into spinal canal
- 6 Decompression peripheral nerve
- 7 Other diagnostic nervous system procedures
- 8 Other non-OR or closed therapeutic nervous system procedures
- 9 Other OR therapeutic nervous system procedures
- 10 Thyroidectomy; partial or complete
- 11 Diagnostic endocrine procedures
- 12 Other therapeutic endocrine procedures
- 13 Corneal transplant
- 14 Glaucoma procedures
- 15 Lens and cataract procedures
- 16 Repair of retinal tear; detachment
- 17 Destruction of lesion of retina and choroid
- 18 Diagnostic procedures on eye
- 19 Other therapeutic procedures on eyelids; conjunctiva; cornea
- 20 Other intraocular therapeutic procedures
- 21 Other extraocular muscle and orbit therapeutic procedures
- 22 Tympanoplasty
- 23 Myringotomy
- 24 Mastoidectomy
- 25 Diagnostic procedures on ear
- 26 Other therapeutic ear procedures
- 27 Control of epistaxis
- 28 Plastic procedures on nose
- 29 Dental procedures
- 30 Tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy
- 31 Diagnostic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx
- 32 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx
- 33 Other OR therapeutic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx
- 34 Tracheostomy; temporary and permanent
- 35 Tracheoscopy and laryngoscopy with biopsy
- 36 Lobectomy or pneumonectomy
- 37 Diagnostic bronchoscopy and biopsy of bronchus
- 38 Other diagnostic procedures on lung and bronchus
- 39 Incision of pleura; thoracentesis; chest drainage
- 40 Other diagnostic procedures of respiratory tract and mediastinum
- 41 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on respiratory system
- 42 Other OR therapeutic procedures on respiratory system and mediastinum
- 43 Heart valve procedures
- 44 Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG)
- 45 Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA)
- 46 Coronary thrombolysis
- 47 Diagnostic cardiac catheterization; coronary arteriography
- 48 Insertion; revision; replacement; removal of cardiac pacemaker or cardioverter/defibrillator
- 49 Other OR heart procedures

- 50 Extracorporeal circulation auxiliary to open heart procedures
- 51 Endarterectomy; vessel of head and neck
- 52 Aortic resection: replacement or anastomosis
- 53 Varicose vein stripping; lower limb
- 54 Other vascular catheterization; not heart
- 55 Peripheral vascular bypass
- 56 Other vascular bypass and shunt; not heart
- 57Creation; revision and removal of arteriovenous fistula or vessel-to-vessel cannula for dialysis
- 58 Hemodialysis
- 59 Other OR procedures on vessels of head and neck
- 60 Embolectomy and endarterectomy of lower limbs
- 61 Other OR procedures on vessels other than head and neck
- 62 Other diagnostic cardiovascular procedures
- 63 Other non-OR therapeutic cardiovascular procedures
- 64 Bone marrow transplant
- 65 Bone marrow biopsy
- 66 Procedures on spleen
- 67 Other therapeutic procedures; hemic and lymphatic system
- 68 Injection or ligation of esophageal varices
- 69 Esophageal dilatation
- 70 Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy; biopsy
- 71 Gastrostomy; temporary and permanent
- 72 Colostomy; temporary and permanent
- 73 Ileostomy and other enterostomy
- 74 Gastrectomy; partial and total
- 75 Small bowel resection
- 76 Colonoscopy and biopsy
- 77 Proctoscopy and anorectal biopsy
- 78 Colorectal resection
- 79 Local excision of large intestine lesion (not endoscopic)
- 80 Appendectomy
- 81 Hemorrhoid procedures
- 82 Fluoroscopy of the biliary and pancreatic ducts (ERCP, ERC and ERP)
- 83 Biopsy of liver
- 84 Cholecystectomy and common duct exploration
- 85 Inguinal and femoral hernia repair
- 86 Other hernia repair
- 87 Laparoscopy (GI only)
- 88 Abdominal paracentesis
- 89 Exploratory laparotomy
- 90 Excision; lysis peritoneal adhesions
- 91 Peritoneal dialysis
- 92 Other bowel diagnostic procedures
- 93 Other non-OR upper GI therapeutic procedures
- 94 Other OR upper GI therapeutic procedures
- 95 Other non-OR lower GI therapeutic procedures
- 96 Other OR lower GI therapeutic procedures
- 97 Other gastrointestinal diagnostic procedures
- 98 Other non-OR gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures
- 99 Other OR gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures
- 100 Endoscopy and endoscopic biopsy of the urinary tract
- 101 Transurethral excision; drainage; or removal urinary obstruction
- 102 Ureteral catheterization
- 103 Nephrotomy and nephrostomy
- 104 Nephrectomy; partial or complete

- 105 Kidney transplant
- 106 Genitourinary incontinence procedures
- 107 Extracorporeal lithotripsy; urinary
- 108 Indwelling catheter
- 109 Procedures on the urethra
- 110 Other diagnostic procedures of urinary tract
- 111 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures of urinary tract
- 112 Other OR therapeutic procedures of urinary tract
- 113 Transurethral resection of prostate (TURP)
- 114 Open prostatectomy
- 115 Circumcision
- 116 Diagnostic procedures; male genital
- 117 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures; male genital
- 118 Other OR therapeutic procedures; male genital
- 119 Oophorectomy; unilateral and bilateral
- 120 Other operations on ovary
- 121 Ligation or occlusion of fallopian tubes
- 122 Removal of ectopic pregnancy
- 123 Other operations on fallopian tubes
- 124 Hysterectomy; abdominal and vaginal
- 125 Other excision of cervix and uterus
- 126 Abortion (termination of pregnancy)
- 127 Dilatation and curettage (D&C); aspiration after delivery or abortion
- 128 Diagnostic dilatation and curettage (D&C)
- 129 Repair of cystocele and rectocele; obliteration of vaginal vault
- 130 Other diagnostic procedures; female organs
- 131 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures; female organs
- 132 Other OR therapeutic procedures; female organs
- 133 Episiotomy
- 134 Cesarean section
- 135 Forceps; vacuum; and breech delivery
- 136 Artificial rupture of membranes to assist delivery
- 137 Other procedures to assist delivery
- 138 Diagnostic amniocentesis
- 139 Fetal monitoring
- 140 Repair of current obstetric laceration
- 141 Other therapeutic obstetrical procedures
- 142 Partial excision bone
- 143 Bunionectomy or repair of toe deformities
- 144 Treatment; facial fracture or dislocation
- 145 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of radius and ulna
- 146 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of hip and femur
- 147 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of lower extremity (other than hip or femur)
- 148 Other fracture and dislocation procedure
- 149 Arthroscopy
- 150 Division of joint capsule; ligament or cartilage
- 151 Excision of semilunar cartilage of knee
- 152 Arthroplasty knee
- 153 Hip replacement; total and partial
- 154 Arthroplasty other than hip or knee
- 155 Arthrocentesis
- 156 Injections and aspirations of muscles; tendons; bursa; joints and soft tissue
- 157 Amputation of lower extremity
- 158 Spinal fusion
- 159 Other diagnostic procedures on musculoskeletal system
- 160 Other therapeutic procedures on muscles and tendons

- 161 Other OR therapeutic procedures on bone
- 162 Other OR therapeutic procedures on joints
- 163 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on musculoskeletal system
- 164 Other OR therapeutic procedures on musculoskeletal system
- 165 Breast biopsy and other diagnostic procedures on breast
- 166 Lumpectomy; quadrantectomy of breast
- 167 Mastectomy
- 168 Incision and drainage; skin and subcutaneous tissue
- 169 Debridement of wound: infection or burn
- 170 Excision of skin lesion
- 171 Suture of skin and subcutaneous tissue
- 172 Skin graft
- 173 Other diagnostic procedures on skin and subcutaneous tissue
- 174 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on skin and breast
- 175 Other OR therapeutic procedures on skin and breast
- 176 Organ transplantation (other than bone marrow, corneal or kidney)
- 177 Computerized axial tomography (CT) scan head
- 178 CT scan chest
- 179 CT scan abdomen
- 180 Other CT scan
- 181 Myelogram
- 182 Mammography
- 183 Routine chest X-ray
- 184 Intraoperative cholangiogram
- 185 Upper gastrointestinal X-ray
- 186 Lower gastrointestinal X-ray
- 187 Intravenous pyelogram
- 188 Cerebral arteriogram
- 189 Contrast aortogram
- 190 Contrast arteriogram of femoral and lower extremity arteries
- 191 Arterio- or venogram (not heart and head)
- 192 Diagnostic ultrasound of head and neck
- 193 Diagnostic ultrasound of heart (echocardiogram)
- 194 Diagnostic ultrasound of gastrointestinal tract
- 195 Diagnostic ultrasound of urinary tract
- 196 Diagnostic ultrasound of abdomen or retroperitoneum
- 197 Other diagnostic ultrasound
- 198 Magnetic resonance imaging
- 199 Electroencephalogram (EEG)
- 200 Nonoperative urinary system measurements
- 201 Cardiac stress tests
- 202 Electrocardiogram
- 203 Electrographic cardiac monitoring
- 204 Swan-Ganz catheterization for monitoring
- 205 Arterial blood gases
- 206 Microscopic examination (bacterial smear; culture; toxicology)
- 207 Nuclear medicine imaging of bone
- 208 Nuclear medicine imaging of pulmonary
- 209 Non-imaging nuclear medicine probe or assay
- 210 Other nuclear medicine imaging
- 211 Radiation therapy
- 212 Diagnostic physical therapy
- 213 Physical therapy exercises; manipulation; and other procedures
- 214 Traction; splints; and other wound care
- 215 Other physical therapy and rehabilitation
- 216 Respiratory intubation and mechanical ventilation

- 217 Other respiratory therapy
- 218 Psychological and psychiatric evaluation and therapy
- 219 Alcohol and drug rehabilitation/detoxification
- 220 Ophthalmologic and otologic diagnosis and treatment
- 221 Nasogastric tube
- 222 Blood transfusion
- 223 Enteral and parenteral nutrition
- 224 Cancer chemotherapy
- 225 Conversion of cardiac rhythm
- 226 Other diagnostic radiology and related techniques
- 227 Other diagnostic procedures
- 228 Prophylactic vaccinations and inoculations
- 229 Nonoperative removal of foreign body
- 230 Extracorporeal shock wave, other than urinary
- 231 Other therapeutic procedures

Appendix C1

Multi-Level CCS – Diagnoses

MULTI-LEVEL

CATEGORY LABELS [Single-Level CCS Diagnosis Category]

- 1 Infectious and parasitic diseases
- 1.1 Bacterial infection
- 1.1.1 Tuberculosis [1]
- 1.1.2 Septicemia (except in labor) [2]
- 1.1.2.1 Streptococcal septicemia
- 1.1.2.2 Staphylococcal septicemia
- 1.1.2.3 E Coli septicemia
- 1.1.2.4 Other gram negative septicemia
- 1.1.2.5 Other specified septicemia
- 1.1.2.6 Unspecified septicemia
- 1.1.3 Sexually transmitted infections (not HIV or hepatitis) [9]
- 1.1.4 Other bacterial infections [3]
- 1.2 Mycoses [4]
- 1.2.1 Candidiasis of the mouth (thrush)
- 1.2.2 Other mycoses
- 1.3 Viral infection
- 1.3.1 HIV infection [5]
- 1.3.2 Hepatitis [6]
- 1.3.3 Other viral infections [7]
- 1.3.3.1 Herpes zoster infection
- 1.3.3.2 Herpes simplex infection
- 1.3.3.3 Other and unspecified viral infection
- 1.4 Other infections; including parasitic [8]
- 1.5 Immunizations and screening for infectious disease [10]
- 2 Neoplasms
- 2.1 Colorectal cancer
- 2.1.1 Cancer of colon [14]
- 2.1.2 Cancer of rectum and anus [15]
- 2.2 Other gastrointestinal cancer
- 2.2.1 Cancer of esophagus [12]
- 2.2.2 Cancer of stomach [13]
- 2.2.3 Cancer of liver and intrahepatic bile duct [16]
- 2.2.4 Cancer of pancreas [17]
- 2.2.5 Cancer of other GI organs; peritoneum [18]
- 2.3 Cancer of bronchus; lung [19]
- 2.4 Cancer of skin
- 2.4.1 Melanomas of skin [22]
- 2.4.2 Other non-epithelial cancer of skin [23]
- 2.5 Cancer of breast [24]
- 2.6 Cancer of uterus and cervix
- 2.6.1 Cancer of uterus [25]
- 2.6.2 Cancer of cervix [26]
- 2.7 Cancer of ovary and other female genital organs
- 2.7.1 Cancer of ovary [27]
- 2.7.2 Cancer of other female genital organs [28]
- 2.8 Cancer of male genital organs
- 2.8.1 Cancer of prostate [29]
- 2.8.2 Cancer of testis [30]

- 2.8.3 Cancer of other male genital organs [31]
- 2.9 Cancer of urinary organs
- 2.9.1 Cancer of bladder [32]
- 2.9.2 Cancer of kidney and renal pelvis [33]
- 2.9.3 Cancer of other urinary organs [34]
- 2.1 Cancer of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissue
- 2.10.1 Hodgkins disease [37]
- 2.10.2 Non-Hodgkins lymphoma [38]
- 2.10.3 Leukemias [39]
- 2.10.4 Multiple myeloma [40]
- 2.11 Cancer; other primary
- 2.11.1 Cancer of head and neck [11]
- 2.11.2 Cancer; other respiratory and intrathoracic [20]
- 2.11.3 Cancer of bone and connective tissue [21]
- 2.11.4 Cancer of brain and nervous system [35]
- 2.11.5 Cancer of thyroid [36]
- 2.11.6 Cancer; other and unspecified primary [41]
- 2.12 Secondary malignancies [42]
- 2.12.1 Secondary malignancy of lymph nodes
- 2.12.2 Secondary malignancy of lung
- 2.12.3 Secondary malignancy of liver
- 2.12.4 Secondary malignancy of brain/spine
- 2.12.5 Secondary malignancy of bone
- 2.12.6 Other secondary malignancy
- 2.13 Malignant neoplasm without specification of site [43]
- 2.14 Neoplasms of unspecified nature or uncertain behavior [44]
- 2.15 Maintenance chemotherapy; radiotherapy [45]
- 2.15.1 Radiotherapy
- 2.15.2 Chemotherapy
- 2.16 Benign neoplasms
- 2.16.1 Benign neoplasm of uterus [46]
- 2.16.2 Other and unspecified benign neoplasm [47]
- 2.16.2.1 Benign neoplasm of ovary
- 2.16.2.2 Benign neoplasm of colon
- 2.16.2.3 Benian neoplasm of the thyroid
- 2.16.2.4 Benign neoplasm of cerebral meninges
- 2.16.2.5 Other and unspecified benign neoplasms
- 3 Endocrine; nutritional; and metabolic diseases and immunity disorders
- 3.1 Thyroid disorders [48]
- 3.1.1 Thyrotoxicosis with or without goiter
- 3.1.2 Other thyroid disorders
- 3.2 Diabetes mellitus without complication [49]
- 3.3 Diabetes mellitus with complications [50]
- 3.3.1 Diabetes with ketoacidosis or uncontrolled diabetes
- 3.3.2 Diabetes with renal manifestations
- 3.3.3 Diabetes with ophthalmic manifestations
- 3.3.4 Diabetes with neurological manifestations
- 3.3.5 Diabetes with circulatory manifestations
- 3.3.6 Diabetes with unspecified complications
- 3.3.7 Diabetes with other manifestations
- 3.4 Other endocrine disorders [51]
- 3.5 Nutritional deficiencies [52]
- 3.5.1 Unspecified protein-calorie malnutrition
- 3.5.2 Other malnutrition
- 3.6 Disorders of lipid metabolism [53]
- 3.7 Gout and other crystal arthropathies [54]

- 3.8 Fluid and electrolyte disorders [55]
- 3.8.1 Hyposmolality
- 3.8.2 Hypovolemia
- 3.8.3 Hyperpotassemia
- 3.8.4 Hypopotassemia
- 3.8.5 Other fluid and electrolyte disorders
- 3.9 Cystic fibrosis [56]
- 3.1 Immunity disorders [57]
- 3.11 Other nutritional; endocrine; and metabolic disorders [58]
- 3.11.1 Disorders of mineral metabolism
- 3.11.2 Obesity
- 3.11.3 Other and unspecified metabolic; nutritional; and endocrine disorders
- 4 Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs
- 4.1 Anemia
- 4.1.1 Acute posthemorrhagic anemia [60]
- 4.1.2 Sickle cell anemia [61]
- 4.1.3 Deficiency and other anemia [59]
- 4.1.3.1 Iron deficiency anemia
- 4.1.3.2 Other deficiency anemia
- 4.1.3.3 Aplastic anemia
- 4.1.3.4 Chronic blood loss anemia
- 4.1.3.5 Acquired hemolytic anemia
- 4.1.3.6 Other specified anemia
- 4.1.3.7 Anemia; unspecified
- 4.2 Coagulation and hemorrhagic disorders [62]
- 4.2.1 Coagulation defects
- 4.2.2 Thrombocytopenia
- 4.2.3 Other coagulation and hemorrhagic disorders
- 4.3 Diseases of white blood cells [63]
- 4.4 Other hematologic conditions [64]
- 5 Mental Illness
- 5.1 Adjustment disorders [650]
- 5.2 Anxiety disorders [651]
- 5.3 Attention deficit conduct and disruptive behavior disorders [652]
- **5.3.1 Conduct disorder [6521]**
- 5.3.2 Oppositional defiant disorder [6522]
- 5.3.3 Attention deficit disorder and Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder [6523]
- 5.4 Delirium dementia and amnestic and other cognitive disorders [653]
- 5.5 Developmental disorders [654]
- 5.5.1 Communication disorders [6541]
- 5.5.2 Developmental disabilities [6542]
- 5.5.3 Intellectual disabilities [6543]
- 5.5.4 Learning disorders [6544]
- 5.5.5 Motor skill disorders [6545]
- 5.6 Disorders usually diagnosed in infancy childhood or adolescence [655]
- 5.6.1 Elimination disorders [6551]
- 5.6.2 Other disorders of infancy childhood or adolescence [6552]
- 5.6.3 Pervasive developmental disorders [6553]
- 5.6.4 Tic disorders [6554]
- 5.7 Impulse control disorders not elsewhere classified [656]
- 5.8 Mood disorders [657]
- 5.8.1 Bipolar disorders [6571]
- 5.8.2 Depressive disorders [6572]
- 5.9 Personality disorders [658]
- 5.10 Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders [659]
- 5.11 Alcohol-related disorders [660]

- 5.12 Substance-related disorders [661]
- 5.13 Suicide and intentional self-inflicted injury [662]
- 5.14 Screening and history of mental health and substance abuse codes [663]
- 5.14.1 Codes related to mental health disorders [6631]
- 5.14.2 Codes related to substance-related disorders [6632]
- 5.15 Miscellaneous mental health disorders [670]
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- 16.10.1.2 Infection and inflammation--internal prosthetic device; implant; and graft
- 16.10.1.3 Other complications of internal prosthetic device; implant; and graft
- 16.10.1.4 Complications of transplants and reattached limbs
- 16.10.2 Complications of surgical procedures or medical care [238]
- 16.10.2.1 Cardiac complications
- 16.10.2.2 Respiratory complications
- 16.10.2.3 Gastrointestinal complications
- 16.10.2.4 Urinary complications
- 16.10.2.5 Hemorrhage or hematoma complicating a procedure
- 16.10.2.6 Postoperative infection
- 16.10.2.7 Other complications of surgical and medical procedures
- 16.11 Poisoning
- 16.11.1 Poisoning by psychotropic agents [241]
- 16.11.2 Poisoning by other medications and drugs [242]
- 16.11.3 Poisoning by nonmedicinal substances [243]
- 16.12 Other injuries and conditions due to external causes [244]
- 17 Symptoms; signs; and ill-defined conditions and factors influencing health status
- 17.1 Symptoms: signs: and ill-defined conditions
- 17.1.1 Syncope [245]
- 17.1.2 Fever of unknown origin [246]
- 17.1.3 Lymphadenitis [247]
- 17.1.4 Gangrene [248]
- 17.1.5 Shock [249]
- 17.1.6 Nausea and vomiting [250]

- 17.1.7 Abdominal pain [251]
- 17.1.8 Malaise and fatigue [252]
- 17.1.9 Allergic reactions [253]
- 17.2 Factors influencing health care
- 17.2.1 Rehabilitation care; fitting of prostheses; and adjustment of devices [254]
- 17.2.2 Administrative/social admission [255]
- 17.2.3 Medical examination/evaluation [256]
- 17.2.4 Other aftercare [257]
- 17.2.5 Other screening for suspected conditions (not mental disorders or infectious disease) [258]
- 18 Residual codes; unclassified; all E codes [259 and 260]

Appendix D1

Multi-Level CCS - Procedures

MULTI-LEVEL

CATEGORY LABELS [Single-Level CCS Procedure Category]

- 1 Operations on the nervous system
- 1.1 Incision and excision of CNS [1]
- 1.1.1 Craniotomy and craniectomy
- 1.1.2 Incision of cerebral meninges
- 1.1.3 Other incision and excision of CNS
- 1.2 Insertion; replacement; or removal of extracranial ventricular shunt [2]
- 1.3 Laminectomy; excision intervertebral disc [3]
- 1.3.1 Excision of intervertebral disc
- 1.3.2 Laminectomy
- 1.4 Diagnostic spinal tap [4]
- 1.5 Insertion of catheter or spinal stimulator and injection into spinal canal [5]
- 1.6 Decompression peripheral nerve [6]
- 1.6.1 Release of carpal tunnel
- 1.6.2 Other lysis of adhesion and decompression of peripheral nerves
- 1.7 Other diagnostic nervous system procedures [7]
- 1.8 Other non-OR or closed therapeutic nervous system procedures [8]
- 1.9 Other OR therapeutic nervous system procedures [9]
- 2 Operations on the endocrine system
- 2.1 Thyroidectomy; partial or complete [10]
- 2.2 Diagnostic endocrine procedures [11]
- 2.3 Other therapeutic endocrine procedures [12]
- 3 Operations on the eye
- 3.1 Corneal transplant [13]
- 3.2 Glaucoma procedures [14]
- 3.3 Lens and cataract procedures [15]
- 3.3.1 Insertion of prosthetic lens
- 3.3.2 Phacoemulsification and aspiration of cataract
- 3.3.3 Other extracapsular extraction of lens
- 3.3.4 Other lens and cataract procedures
- 3.4 Repair of retinal tear; detachment [16]
- 3.5 Destruction of lesion of retina and choroid [17]
- 3.6 Diagnostic procedures on eye [18]
- 3.7 Other therapeutic procedures on eyelids; conjunctiva; cornea [19]
- 3.8 Other intraocular therapeutic procedures [20]
- 3.9 Other extraocular muscle and orbit therapeutic procedures [21]
- 4 Operations on the ear
- 4.1 Tympanoplasty [22]
- 4.2 Myringotomy [23]
- 4.3 Mastoidectomy [24]
- 4.4 Diagnostic procedures on ear [25]
- 4.5 Other therapeutic ear procedures [26]
- 5 Operations on the nose; mouth; and pharynx
- 5.1 Control of epistaxis [27]
- 5.2 Plastic procedures on nose [28]
- 5.3 Dental procedures [29]
- 5.4 Tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy [30]
- 5.4.1 Tonsillectomy without adenoidectomy

- 5.4.2 Tonsillectomy with adenoidectomy
- 5.4.3 Adenoidectomy without tonsillectomy
- 5.4.4 Control of hemorrhage after tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy
- 5.5 Diagnostic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx [31]
- 5.5.1 Diagnostic procedures on nasal sinuses
- 5.5.2 Other diagnostic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx
- 5.6 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx [32]
- 5.6.1 Non-OR procedures on nasal sinuses
- 5.6.2 Other non-OR procedures on nasal sinuses
- 5.7 Other OR therapeutic procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx [33]
- 5.7.1 OR procedures on nasal sinuses
- 5.7.2 Excision salivary gland
- 5.7.3 Repair cleft lip
- 5.7.4 Correction cleft palate
- 5.7.5 Incision and drainage of tonsils
- 5.7.6 Other procedures on nose; mouth and pharynx
- 6 Operations on the respiratory system
- 6.1 Tracheostomy; temporary and permanent [34]
- 6.2 Tracheoscopy and laryngoscopy with biopsy [35]
- 6.3 Lobectomy or pneumonectomy [36]
- 6.4 Diagnostic bronchoscopy and biopsy of bronchus [37]
- 6.4.1 Bronchoscopy without biopsy
- 6.4.2 Endoscopic biopsy of bronchus
- 6.4.3 Needle biopsy of lung
- 6.4.4 Endoscopic biopsy of lung
- 6.5 Other diagnostic procedures on lung and bronchus [38]
- 6.6 Incision of pleura; thoracentesis; chest drainage [39]
- 6.6.1 Closed chest drainage
- 6.6.2 Open chest drainage
- 6.6.3 Thoracentesis
- 6.7 Other diagnostic procedures of respiratory tract and mediastinum [40]
- 6.8 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on respiratory system [41]
- 6.9 Other OR therapeutic procedures on respiratory system [42]
- 7 Operations on the cardiovascular system
- 7.1 Heart valve procedures [43]
- 7.2 Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) [44]
- 7.2.1 Bypass of one coronary artery
- 7.2.2 Bypass of two coronary arteries
- 7.2.3 Bypass of three coronary arteries
- 7.2.4 Bypass of four coronary arteries
- 7.2.5 Other bypass of coronary arteries
- 7.3 Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) [45]
- 7.3.1 Single vessel PTCA
- 7.3.2 Multiple vessel PTCA
- 7.4 Coronary thrombolysis [46]
- 7.5 Diagnostic cardiac catheterization; coronary arteriography [47]
- 7.5.1 Coronary arteriography
- 7.5.2 Cardiac catheterization
- 7.6Insertion; revision; replacement; removal of cardiac pacemaker or cardioverter/defibrillator [48]
- 7.6.1 Insertion; revision; replacement; or removal of pacemaker leads
- 7.6.2 Insertion; revision; replacement; or removal of pacemaker device
- 7.6.3 Insertion; revision; replacement; or removal of cardioverter/defibrillator
- 7.7 Other OR heart procedures [49]
- 7.8 Extracorporeal circulation auxiliary to open heart procedures [50]
- 7.9 Endarterectomy; vessel of head and neck [51]

- 7.1 Aortic resection; replacement or anastomosis [52]
- 7.11 Varicose vein stripping; lower limb [53]
- 7.12 Other vascular catheterization; not heart [54]
- 7.12.1 Arterial catheterization
- 7.12.2 Umbilical vein catheterization
- 7.12.3 Venous catheterization
- 7.13 Peripheral vascular bypass [55]
- 7.14 Other vascular bypass and shunt; not heart [56]
- 7.15Creation; revision and removal of arteriovenous fistula or vessel-to-vessel cannula for dialysis [57]
- 7.16 Hemodialysis [58]
- 7.17 Other OR procedures on vessels of head and neck [59]
- 7.18 Embolectomy and endarterectomy of lower limbs [60]
- 7.19 Other OR procedures on vessels other than head and neck [61]
- 7.19.1 Interrupt vena cava
- 7.19.2 Other OR procedures on blood vessels
- 7.2 Other diagnostic cardiovascular procedures [62]
- 7.21 Other non-OR therapeutic cardiovascular procedures [63]
- 8 Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system
- 8.1 Bone marrow transplant [64]
- 8.2 Bone marrow biopsy [65]
- 8.3 Procedures on spleen [66]
- 8.4 Other therapeutic procedures; hemic and lymphatic system [67]
- 8.4.1 Biopsy of lymphatic structure
- 8.4.2 Simple excision of lymphatic structure
- 8.4.3 Regional lymph node excision
- 8.4.4 Radical excision lymph nodes
- 8.4.5 Other hemic and lymphatic procedures
- 9 Operations on the digestive system
- 9.1 Therapeutic procedures on the esophagus
- 9.1.1 Injection or ligation of esophageal varices [68]
- 9.1.2 Esophageal dilatation [69]
- 9.2 Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy; biopsy [70]
- 9.2.1 Esophagoscopy
- 9.2.2 Gastroscopy
- 9.2.3 Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) without biopsy
- 9.2.4 Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) with biopsy
- 9.2.5 Endoscopic biopsy small intestine
- 9.3 Gastrostomy; temporary and permanent [71]
- 9.4 Colostomy; temporary and permanent [72]
- 9.5 Ileostomy and other enterostomy [73]
- 9.6 Gastrectomy; partial and total [74]
- 9.7 Small bowel resection [75]
- 9.8 Colonoscopy and biopsy [76]
- 9.8.1 Closed endoscopic biopsy of large intestine
- 9.8.2 Other endoscopy of large intestine
- 9.9 Proctoscopy and anorectal biopsy [77]
- 9.1 Colorectal resection [78]
- 9.10.1 Right hemicolectomy
- 9.10.2 Left hemicolectomy
- 9.10.3 Sigmoidectomy
- 9.10.4 Resection of rectum
- 9.10.5 Other colorectal resections
- 9.11 Local excision of large intestine lesion (not endoscopic) [79]
- 9.12 Appendectomy [80]
- 9.13 Hemorrhoid procedures [81]

- 9.14 Endoscopic retrograde cannulation of pancreas (ERCP) [82]
- 9.15 iopsy of liver [83]
- 9.16 Cholecystectomy and common duct exploration [84]
- 9.16.1 Open cholecystectomy
- 9.16.2 Laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- 9.16.3 Incision of bile duct
- 9.17 Inguinal and femoral hernia repair [85]
- 9.17.1 Unilateral repair inguinal hernia
- 9.17.2 Bilateral repair inquinal hernia
- 9.17.3 Femoral hernia repair
- 9.18 Other hernia repair [86]
- 9.18.1 Umbilical hernia repair
- 9.18.2 Incisional hernia repair
- 9.18.3 Other abdominal wall hernia repair
- 9.18.4 Other hernia repair
- 9.19 Laparoscopy [87]
- 9.2 Abdominal paracentesis [88]
- 9.21 Exploratory laparotomy [89]
- 9.22 Excision; lysis peritoneal adhesions [90]
- 9.23 Peritoneal dialysis [91]
- 9.24 Other bowel diagnostic procedures [92]
- 9.25 Other non-OR upper GI therapeutic procedures [93]
- 9.26 Other OR upper GI therapeutic procedures [94]
- 9.27 Other non-OR lower GI therapeutic procedures [95]
- 9.28 Other OR lower GI therapeutic procedures [96]
- 9.28.1 Closure of stoma of large intestine
- 9.28.2 Local excision of rectal lesion
- 9.28.3 Incision of perirectal tissue
- 9.28.4 Incision of perianal abscess
- 9.28.5 Incision/excision of anal fistula
- 9.28.6 Other lower GI procedures
- 9.29 Other gastrointestinal diagnostic procedures [97]
- 9.3 Other non-OR gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures [98]
- 9.31 Other OR gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures [99]
- 9.31.1 Radical pancreaticoduodenectomy
- 9.31.2 Incision abdominal wall
- 9.31.3 Excision or destruction of peritoneal tissue
- 9.31.4 Creation of cutaneoperitoneal fistula
- 9.31.5 Other gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures
- 10 Operations on the urinary system
- 10.1 Cystoscopy and other transurethral procedures
- 10.1.1 Endoscopy and endoscopic biopsy of the urinary tract [100]
- 10.1.2 Transurethral excision; drainage; or removal of urinary obstruction [101]
- 10.1.3 Ureteral catheterization [102]
- 10.2 Nephrotomy and nephrostomy [103]
- 10.3 Nephrectomy; partial or complete [104]
- 10.4 Kidney transplant [105]
- 10.5 Genitourinary incontinence procedures [106]
- 10.6 Extracorporeal lithotripsy; urinary [107]
- 10.7 Indwelling catheter [108]
- 10.8 Procedures on the urethra [109]
- 10.9 Other diagnostic procedures of urinary tract [110]
- 10.1 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures of urinary tract [111]
- 10.11 Other OR therapeutic procedures of urinary tract [112]
- 11 Operations on the male genital organs
- 11.1 Transurethral resection of prostate (TURP) [113]

- 11.2 Open prostatectomy [114]
- 11.3 Circumcision [115]
- 11.4 Diagnostic procedures; male genital [116]
- 11.5 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures; male genital [117]
- 11.6 Other OR therapeutic procedures; male genital [118]
- 11.6.1 Unilateral orchiectomy
- 11.6.2 Bilateral orchiectomy
- 11.6.3 Orchiopexy
- 11.6.4 Insert or replace penile prosthesis
- 11.6.5 Other male genital procedures
- 12 Operations on the female genital organs
- 12.1 Oophorectomy; unilateral and bilateral [119]
- 12.2 Other operations on ovary [120]
- 12.3 Ligation of fallopian tubes [121]
- 12.4 Other operations on fallopian tubes [123]
- 12.5 Hysterectomy; abdominal and vaginal [124]
- 12.5.1 Total abdominal hysterectomy
- 12.5.2 Vaginal hysterectomy
- 12.5.3 Other hysterectomy
- 12.6 Other excision of cervix and uterus [125]
- 12.7 Abortion (termination of pregnancy) [126]
- 12.8 Dilatation and curettage (D&C); aspiration after delivery or abortion [127]
- 12.9 Diagnostic dilatation and curettage (D&C) [128]
- 12.1 Repair of cystocele and rectocele; obliteration of vaginal vault [129]
- 12.11 Other diagnostic procedures; female organs [130]
- 12.12 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures; female organs [131]
- 12.13 Other OR therapeutic procedures; female organs [132]
- 13 Obstetrical procedures
- 13.1 Episiotomy [133]
- 13.2 Cesarean section [134]
- 13.3 forceps; vacuum; and breech delivery [135]
- 13.3.1 Low forceps delivery with episiotomy
- 13.3.2 Vacuum extraction with episiotomy
- 13.3.3 Other vacuum extraction
- 13.3.4 Other forceps or breech delivery
- 13.4 Artificial rupture of membranes to assist delivery [136]
- 13.4.1 Induction of labor by artificial rupture of membranes
- 13.4.2 Other artificial rupture of membranes
- 13.5 Other procedures to assist delivery [137]
- 13.5.2 Medical induction of labor
- 13.5.3 Other manually assisted labor
- 13.5.4 Other delivery procedures
- 13.6 Diagnostic amniocentesis [138]
- 13.7 Fetal monitoring [139]
- 13.8 Repair of current obstetric laceration [140]
- 13.8.1 Repair of obstetric laceration of uterus or cervix
- 13.8.2 Repair of obstetric laceration of bladder or urethra
- 13.8.3 Repair of obstetric laceration of rectum or sphincter
- 13.8.4 Repair of other obstetric laceration
- 13.9 Other therapeutic obstetrical procedures [141]
- 13.1 Removal of ectopic pregnancy [122]
- 14 Operations on the musculoskeletal system
- 14.1 Partial excision bone [142]
- 14.2 Bunionectomy or repair of toe deformities [143]
- 14.3 Treatment of fracture or dislocation
- 14.3.1 Treatment; facial fracture or dislocation [144]

- 14.3.2 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of radius and ulna [145]
- 14.3.3 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of hip and femur [146]
- 14.3.4 Treatment; fracture or dislocation of lower extremity (other than hip or femur) [147]
- 14.3.5 Other fracture and dislocation procedure [148]
- 14.4 Arthroscopy [149]
- 14.4.1 Arthroscopy of knee
- 14.4.2 Other arthroscopy
- 14.5 Division of joint capsule; ligament or cartilage [150]
- 14.6 Excision of semilunar cartilage of knee [151]
- 14.7 Arthroplasty
- 14.7.1 Arthroplasty knee [152]
- 14.7.2 Hip replacement; total and partial [153]
- 14.7.3 Arthroplasty other than hip or knee [154]
- 14.8 Arthrocentesis [155]
- 14.9 Injections and aspirations of muscles; tendons; bursa; joints and soft tissue [156]
- 14.1 Amputation of lower extremity [157]
- 14.10.1 Amputation of toe
- 14.10.2 Amputation through foot
- 14.10.3 Below knee amputation
- 14.10.4 Above knee amputation
- 14.10.5 Other lower extremity amputation
- 14.11 Spinal fusion [158]
- 14.12 Other diagnostic procedures on musculoskeletal system [159]
- 14.13 Other therapeutic procedures on muscles and tendons [160]
- 14.13.1 Rotator cuff repair
- 14.13.2 Other suture of muscle; tendon and fascia
- 14.13.3 Other muscle and tendon procedures
- 14.14 Other OR therapeutic procedures on bone [161]
- 14.15 Other OR therapeutic procedures on joints [162]
- 14.16 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on musculoskeletal system [163]
- 14.17 Other OR therapeutic procedures on musculoskeletal system [164]
- 15 Operations on the integumentary system
- 15.1 Procedures on the breast
- 15.1.1 Breast biopsy and other diagnostic procedures on breast [165]
- 15.1.2 Lumpectomy; quadrantectomy of breast [166]
- 15.1.3 Mastectomy [167]
- 15.2 Incision and drainage; skin and subcutaneous tissue [168]
- 15.3 Debridement of wound; infection or burn [169]
- 15.4 Excision of skin lesion [170]
- 15.5 Suture of skin and subcutaneous tissue [171]
- 15.6 Skin graft [172]
- 15.7 Other diagnostic procedures on skin and subcutaneous tissue [173]
- 15.8 Other non-OR therapeutic procedures on skin and breast [174]
- 15.8.1 Aspiration of skin and subcutaneous tissue
- 15.8.2 Insertion of totally implantable vascular access device
- 15.8.3 Debridement of nail
- 15.8.4 Other skin and breast procedures: non-OR
- 15.9 Other OR therapeutic procedures on skin and breast [175]
- 15.9.1 Bilateral reduction mammoplasty
- 15.9.2 Excision pilonidal cyst or sinus
- 15.9.3 Other skin and breast procedures; OR
- 16 Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 16.1 Other organ transplantation [176]
- 16.2 Computerized axial tomography (CT) scan
- 16.2.1 Computerized axial tomography (CT) scan head [177]
- 16.2.2 CT scan chest [178]

- 16.2.3 CT scan abdomen [179]
- 16.2.4 Other CT scan [180]
- 16.3 Myelogram [181]
- 16.4 Mammography [182]
- 16.5 Routine chest X-ray [183]
- 16.6 Intraoperative cholangiogram [184]
- 16.7 Upper gastrointestinal X-ray [185]
- 16.8 Lower gastrointestinal X-ray [186]
- 16.9 Intravenous pyelogram [187]
- 16.1 Cerebral arteriogram [188]
- 16.11 Contrast aortogram [189]
- 16.12 Contrast arteriogram of femoral and lower extremity arteries [190]
- 16.13 Arterio or venogram (not heart and head) [191]
- 16.14 Diagnostic ultrasound
- 16.14.1 Diagnostic ultrasound of head and neck [192]
- 16.14.2 Diagnostic ultrasound of heart (echocardiogram) [193]
- 16.14.3 Diagnostic ultrasound of gastrointestinal tract [194]
- 16.14.4 Diagnostic ultrasound of urinary tract [195]
- 16.14.5 Diagnostic ultrasound of abdomen or retroperitoneum [196]
- 16.14.6 Other diagnostic ultrasound [197]
- 16.15 Magnetic resonance imaging [198]
- 16.16 Electroencephalogram (EEG) [199]
- 16.17 Nonoperative urinary system measurements [200]
- 16.18 Cardiac stress tests [201]
- 16.19 Electrocardiogram [202]
- 16.2 Electrographic cardiac monitoring [203]
- 16.21 Swan-Ganz catheterization for monitoring [204]
- 16.22 Arterial blood gases [205]
- 16.23 Microscopic examination (bacterial smear; culture; toxicology) [206]
- 16.24 Radioisotope scan
- 16.24.1 Radioisotope bone scan [207]
- 16.24.2 Radioisotope pulmonary scan [208]
- 16.24.3 Radioisotope scan and function studies [209]
- 16.24.4 Other radioisotope scan [210]
- 16.25 Therapeutic radiology [211]
- 16.26 Physical therapy
- 16.26.1 Diagnostic physical therapy [212]
- 16.26.2 Physical therapy exercises; manipulation; and other procedures [213]
- 16.26.3 Traction; splints; and other wound care [214]
- 16.26.4 Other physical therapy and rehabilitation [215]
- 16.27 Respiratory intubation and mechanical ventilation [216]
- 16.27.1 Endotracheal intubation
- 16.27.2 Continuous mechanical ventilation less than 96 hours
- 16.27.3 Continuous mechanical ventilation 96 hours or more
- 16.27.4 Other respiratory intubation and mechanical ventilation
- 16.28 Other respiratory therapy [217]
- 16.28.1 Respiratory medication administered by nebulizer
- 16.28.2 Oxygen therapy
- 16.28.3 Other respiratory treatments
- 16.29 Psychological and psychiatric evaluation and therapy [218]
- 16.29.1 Psychiatric drug therapy
- 16.29.2 Electroconvulsive therapy
- 16.29.3 Individual psychotherapy
- 16.29.4 Other psychological and psychiatric evaluation and therapy
- 16.3 Alcohol and drug rehabilitation/ detoxification [219]
- 16.30.1 Alcohol rehabilitation

- 16.30.2 Alcohol detoxification
- 16.30.3 Alcohol rehabilitation and detoxification
- 16.30.4 Drug rehabilitation
- 16.30.5 Drug detoxification
- 16.30.6 Drug rehabilitation and detoxification
- 16.30.7 Alcohol and drug rehabilitation
- 16.30.8 Alcohol and drug detoxification
- 16.30.9 Alcohol and drug rehabilitation and detoxification
- 16.31 Ophthalmologic and otologic diagnosis and treatment [220]
- 16.32 Nasogastric tube [221]
- 16.33 Blood transfusion [222]
- 16.34 Enteral and parenteral nutrition [223]
- 16.35 Cancer chemotherapy [224]
- 16.36 Conversion of cardiac rhythm [225]
- 16.37 Other diagnostic radiology and related techniques [226]
- 16.38 Other diagnostic procedures (interview; evaluation; consultation) [227]
- 16.39 Prophylactic vaccinations and inoculations [228]
- 16.4 Nonoperative removal of foreign body [229]
- 16.41 Extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy; other than urinary [230]
- 16.42 Other therapeutic procedures [231]
- 16.42.1 Inject antibiotic
- 16.42.2 Other phototherapy (newborn)
- 16.42.3 Injection of Thromobolytic Agent (not coronary)
- 16.42.4 Other therapies

Table A. Mapping CCS diagnosis categories into ICD-9-CM chapters

CCS diagnosis numbers	ICD-9-CM diagnosis chapters
1-10	1 - Infectious and parasitic diseases
11-47	2 - Neoplasms
48-58	3 - Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases and immunity disorders
59-64	4 - Diseases of the blood and
	blood-forming organs
650-663,670	5 - Mental illness
76-95	6 - Diseases of the nervous system and
	sense organs
96-121	7 - Diseases of the circulatory system
122-134	8 - Diseases of the respiratory system
135-155	9 - Diseases of the digestive system
156-175	10 - Diseases of the genitourinary
	system
176-196	 Complications of pregnancy,
	childbirth, and the puerperium
197-200	12 - Diseases of the skin and
201.010	subcutaneous tissue
201-212	13 - Diseases of the musculoskeletal
242.24	system and connective tissue
213-217	14 - Congenital anomalies
218-224	15 - Certain conditions originating in the
005 044	perinatal period
225-244	16 - Injury and poisoning
245-260	17 - Other conditions

Note: CCS is Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research. ICD-9-CM refers to the *International Classification of Diseases*, *9th Revision, Clinical Modification*.

Table B. Mapping CCS procedure categories into ICD-9-CM chapters

CCS procedure numbers	ICD-9-CM procedure chapters
1-9 10-12 13-21 22-26 27-33 34-42 43-63 64-67 68-99 100-112 113-118 119-121, 123-132 122, 133-141 142-164 165-175 176-231	1- Operations on the nervous system 2 - Operations on the endocrine system 3 - Operations on the eye 4 - Operations on the ear 5 - Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx 6 - Operations on the respiratory system 7 - Operations on the cardiovascular system 8 - Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system 9 - Operations on the digestive system 10 - Operations on the urinary system 11 - Operations on the male genital organs 12 - Operations on the female genital organs 13 - Obstetrical procedures 14 - Operations on the musculoskeletal system 15 - Operations on the integumentary system 16 - Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
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Note: CCS is Clinical Classifications for Health Policy Research. *ICD-9-CM is International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification.*