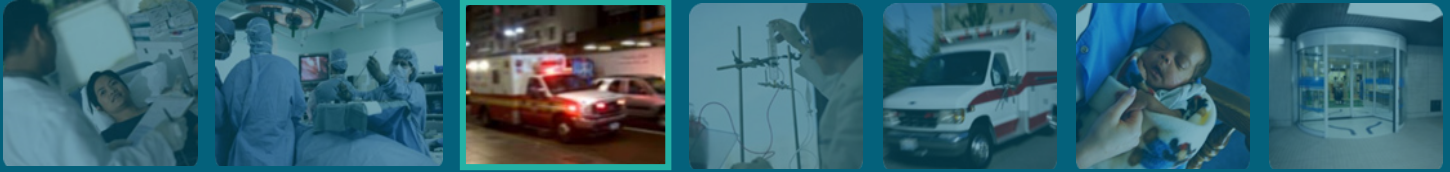


State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD)



What are the SEDD?

The State Emergency Department Databases (SEDD) are part of the family of databases and software tools developed for the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP). The SEDD are a set of longitudinal State-specific emergency department databases included in the HCUP family. The SEDD capture discharge information on all emergency department visits that do not result in an admission. Information on patients seen in the emergency room and then admitted to the hospital is included in the State Inpatient Databases (SID).

Advance Your Research

Apply more than 100 clinical and nonclinical variables to your research, including:

- All-listed diagnoses and procedures
- Patient demographic characteristics such as sex, age, and (for some States) race
- Total charges
- Expected payer
- Length of stay
- Discharge disposition

Address Critical Topics

Rely on the SEDD to study State-level emergency department issues, including:



- Injury surveillance
- Access to care
- Trends and correlations between emergency department use and environmental events
- Emerging infections
- Occurrence of nonfatal, preventable illness
- Community assessment and planning
- Use of hospital services
- Impact of health policy changes
- Diffusion of medical technology

A Comprehensive, User-Friendly Resource

Each participating State's SEDD captures emergency visits at hospital-affiliated emergency departments in that State that do not result in hospitalization. To facilitate multistate comparisons and analyses, data are translated into a uniform, user friendly-format. Available annually since 1999, SEDD files include *all* patients, regardless of payer, thus providing a unique view of emergency department care in a defined market or State over time.

